Abstract

The invention relates to a compound of the following general formula (tubulysin)

having the following meanings for R, R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{10} , R^{11} , S, T, U, V,

W, X, Y and Z:

R = H, C_{1-4} alkyl, aryl, OR^1 , NR^1R^2 or NH- $(CH_2)_{2-4}$

 $R^1 = H$, C_{1-6} alkyl or aryl

 $R^2 = H$, C_{1-6} alkyl or aryl

S = H, Hal, NO₂ or NHR³

U = H, Hal, NO₂ or NHR³

R3 = H, HCO or C1-4alkyl-CO

T = H or OR⁴

 $R^4 = H, C_{1-4}alkyl, aryl, COR^5, P(O)(OR^6)_2 \text{ or } SO_3R^6$

 $R^5 = C_{1-6}$ alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

R⁶ = H, alkyl or a metal ion

V = H, OR^7 , Hal or (for W = O) O

R⁷ = H, C₁₋₄alkyl or COR⁸

 $R^8 = C_{1-4}$ alkyl, alkenyl or aryl

 $W = H \text{ or } C_{1-4}$ alkyl or (for V = O) O

 $X = H_1 C_{1-4}$ alkyl, alkenyl or CH_2OR^9

R⁹ = H, C₁₋₄alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or COR¹⁰

 $R^{10} = C_{1-6}$ alkyl, alkenyl, aryl or heteroaryl

 $Y = (for Z = CH_3 or COR^{11})$ free electron pair or (for $Z = CH_3)$ O

 $R^{11} = C_{1-4}$ alkyl, CF_3 or aryl and/or

Z = (for Y = O or free electron pair) CH₃ or (for Y = free electron pair) COR¹¹.